2025/1178

18.6.2025

COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2025/1178

of 23 May 2025

on laying down rules for the application of Regulation (EU) 2024/1735 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of net-zero technology final products and their main specific components for the purposes of assessing the contribution to resilience

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EU) 2024/1735 (¹) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 June 2024 on establishing a framework of measures for strengthening Europe's net-zero technology manufacturing ecosystem and amending Regulation (EU) 2018/1724, and in particular Article 29(2), first subparagraph, thereof,

Whereas:

- (1) Regulation (EU) 2024/1735 establishes a common legal framework aimed at strengthening the Union's resilience and security of supply of net-zero technologies, by promoting diversification of their supply chains and enhancing the domestic manufacturing capacity of net-zero technologies.
- (2) In accordance with Articles 25, 26 and 28 of Regulation (EU) 2024/1735, where there is evidence of a significant dependency on third countries with regard to the Union's supply of net-zero technologies, non-price criteria, such as the contribution to resilience, are to be applied in public procurement, renewable energy auctions or other forms of public intervention. For the purposes of assessing the contribution to resilience, the Commission is to adopt an implementing act providing a list of the net-zero technology final products and their main specific components. The list serves to assess the contribution to resilience.
- (3) The Annex to Regulation (EU) 2024/1735 includes a list of net-zero technology final products and specific components primarily used for the production of net-zero technologies.
- (4) The main specific components included in the list provided in the Annex to this Regulation should include only those specific components primarily used for the production of net-zero technologies that are essential to ensure the Union's resilience, in line with the provisions on access to markets set out in Articles 25 to 28 of Regulation (EU) 2024/1735.
- (5) Specific components primarily used for the production of net-zero technologies should be considered as essential to ensure the effective implementation of the resilience contribution in public procurement, renewable energy auctions and other forms of public intervention if they contribute significantly to the final product's value, or if they are critical in supporting the resilience of the overall supply chain.
- (6) In order to give Member States sufficient time to prepare for the requirements relating to the resilience contribution, the application of this Regulation should be deferred.
- (7) In accordance with Article 29(2), second subparagraph, of Regulation (EU) 2024/1735, the Commission is to provide updated information on the shares of the Union supply originating in different third countries for net-zero technologies and their main specific components.
- (8) The measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the committee established by Article 45(1) of Regulation (EU) 2024/1735,

⁽¹⁾ OJ L, 2024/1735, 28.6.2024, ELI: http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2024/1735/oj.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The list of net-zero technology final products and their main specific components to assess the contribution to resilience is set out in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the twentieth day following that of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

It shall apply from 30 December 2025.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 May 2025.

For the Commission The President Ursula VON DER LEYEN

ANNEX

List of net-zero technology final products and their main specific components for the purposes of assessing the contribution to resilience

	Sub-categories of net-zero technologies	Final products	Main specific components
Solar technologies	Photovoltaic (PV) technologies	— Solar PV systems	 PV grade polysilicon PV grade silicon ingots or equivalent (¹) PV wafers or equivalent (¹) PV cells or equivalent (¹) Solar glass PV modules PV inverters PV trackers and their specific mounting structures
	Solar thermal electric technologies	Concentrated solar power (CSP) plants	 — CSP reflectors — CSP trackers and their specific mounting structures — CSP receivers (point or line)
	Solar thermal technologies	— Solar thermal systems	 Solar thermal collectors (including flat-plate, evacuated tube, concentrating systems and air collectors) Solar thermal absorbers Solar glass Solar thermal trackers and their specific mounting structures
	Other solar technologies	PV-thermal collectors (PVT)	
Onshore wind and offshore renewable technologies	Onshore wind technologies	— Onshore wind turbines	 Nacelles (assembly) Rotor hubs Main, yaw and pitch bearings Direct drive drivetrains (including generator) and/ or gearbox drivetrains (including generator) Permanent magnets of wind turbines Gearboxes of wind turbines Blades Towers

	Sub-categories of net-zero technologies	Final products	Main specific components
	Offshore wind technologies	— Offshore wind turbines	 Nacelles (assembly) Rotor hubs Main, yaw and pitch bearings Direct drive drivetrains (including generator) and/or gearbox drivetrains (including generator) Permanent magnets of wind turbines Gearboxes of wind turbines Blades Towers Foundations/floaters
	Other offshore renewable technologies	Tidal stream energy technologies Wave energy technologies	
Battery and energy storage technologies	Battery technologies	— Batteries (²)	 Battery packs Battery modules Battery cells Cathode active materials Anode active materials Electrolytes Separators Current collectors (including thin copper, aluminium, nickel and carbon foils) Battery management systems (BMS) Battery thermal management systems (BTMS)
	Electrochemical storage technologies	Ultracapacitors/ supercapacitors Redox flow energy storage	 — Electrolytes — Separators — Collectors — Electrode plates
	Gravitational storage technologies	— Pumped hydro storage	 Reversible hydro turbines and pump runners Distributors with guide vanes
	Thermal energy storage technologies	— Thermal energy storage systems	Sensible heat storage and latent heat storage mediums (including phase change materials and molten salts) Thermochemical storage materials

	Sub-categories of net-zero technologies	Final products	Main specific components
	Compressed/liquefied gas energy storage technologies	Compressed air energy storage Liquid air energy storage	
	Other energy storage technologies	— Flywheel energy storage	Flywheel rotors
Heat pumps and geothermal energy technologies	Heat pump technologies	— Heat pumps	 Heat pumps Four-way valves Scroll compressors/heat pump rotary compressors
	Geothermal energy technologies	Geothermal power plants Geothermal direct use systems	 Heat exchangers resistant to geothermal corrosive operating conditions Submersible pumps resistant to geothermal corrosive operating conditions
Hydrogen technologies	Electrolysers	— Alkaline electrolysers (AEL)	 Stacks Separators (diaphragm or membranes tailored for water electrolysis) Bipolar plates and end plates Electrodes
		Proton exchange membrane electrolysers (PEMEL)	 Stacks Membrane electrode assemblies (3-layer)/catalyst-coated membranes Porous transport layers/gas diffusion layers Bipolar plates and end plates
		— Anion exchange membrane electrolysers (AEMEL)	 Stacks Membrane electrode assemblies (3-layer)/catalyst-coated membranes Porous transport layers/gas diffusion layers Bipolar plates and end plates
		Solid-oxide electrolysers (SOEL)	 Stacks Electrolyte and electrodes High-temperature gaskets/ sealings Interconnectors/meshes and end plates

	Sub-categories of net-zero technologies	Final products	Main specific components
	Hydrogen fuel cells	Proton exchange membrane fuel cells (PEMFC)	 Stacks Membrane electrode assemblies (3-layer)/ catalyst-coated membranes Porous transport layers/gas diffusion layers Bipolar plates and end plates
		— Solid-oxide fuel cells (SOFC)	 Stacks Electrolytes and electrodes High-temperature gaskets/ sealants Interconnectors/meshes and end plates
	Other hydrogen technologies	Hydrogen transmission and distribution networks	 Hydrogen compressors Hydrogen refuelling stations Pipelines for hydrogen transmission and distribution
		— Hydrogen storage facilities	Onboard hydrogen storage tanks Hydrogen stationary storage tanks
		Plants for the conversion and extraction of hydrogen into and from ammonia	— Ammonia crackers
Sustainable biogas and biomethane technologies	Sustainable biogas technologies	— Sustainable biogas plants	— Anaerobic digesters/ fermentation tanks
	Sustainable biomethane technologies	Sustainable biomethane plants	 — Anaerobic digesters/ fermentation tanks — Biomethane upgrading units
CCS technologies	Carbon capture technologies	 Absorption capture Adsorption capture Membranes capture Solid cycles capture Cryogenics capture Direct air capture 	— CO ₂ compressors
	Carbon storage technologies		

	Sub-categories of net-zero technologies	Final products	Main specific components
Electricity grid technologies	Electricity grid technologies	Onshore substationsOffshore substations	 Cables and lines for electricity transmission and distribution, and cables connecting net-zero technologies to the electricity grid (overhead lines, underground and undersea cables, including HVDC and HVAC) Switchgears Circuit breakers Protection relays Power transformers Disconnectors Busbar systems Electric cabinets Offshore substations Inverters Converters
		Electricity transmission and distribution towers	 Electricity transmission and distribution towers Electrical conductors (including advanced conductors and high-temperature superconductors) Insulators
		— Cables, lines and associated accessories for electricity transmission and distribution, and cables connecting netzero technologies to the electricity grid (overhead lines, underground and undersea cables, including HVDC and HVAC)	Cables and lines for electricity transmission and distribution, and cables connecting net-zero technologies to the electricity grid (overhead lines, underground and undersea cables, including HVDC and HVAC) Electrical conductors (including advanced conductors and high-temperature superconductors) Insulators
		— Power transformers	 Power transformers Transformer cores Transformer windings Transformer tap changers
	Electric charging technologies for transport	 Electric vehicle supply equipment Electric road systems (³) Shore-side electricity supply equipment Overhead contact lines Electric air transport supply equipment 	Electric vehicle supply equipment Shore-side electricity supply equipment Electric air transport supply equipment

	Sub-categories of net-zero technologies	Final products	Main specific components
	Technologies to digitalise the grid and other electricity grid technologies	 High- and medium-voltage power electronics equipment and components (including DC technology) Flexible alternating current transmission system (FACTS) technologies Smart meters/advanced metering and control infrastructures 	 High- and medium-voltage power electronics equipment and components (including DC technology) Flexible alternating current transmission system (FACTS) technologies Smart meters/advanced metering and control infrastructures
Nuclear fission energy technologies	Nuclear fission energy technologies	Nuclear fission power plants	 Fuel elements Reactor vessels Primary piping and valves Steam turbines Steam generators Safety systems Monitoring, instrumentation and control systems
	Nuclear fuel cycle technologies	— Nuclear fuel cycles	 Centrifuges Gas handling and flow control systems Chemical processing equipment Waste vitrification equipment Transportation, storage and disposal cylinders, containers and casks Heavy water Safety systems Monitoring, instrumentation and control systems
Sustainable alternative fuels technologies	Sustainable alternative fuels technologies	— Sustainable alternative fuels plants	 Thermochemical, electrochemical, chemical and biochemical/biological reactors to convert biomass, recycled carbon fuels into bio-intermediates and/or syngas Reactors and post-treatment units to convert bio-intermediates and/or syngas and recycled carbon fuels into sustainable alternative fuels

	Sub-categories of net-zero technologies	Final products	Main specific components
Hydropower technologies	Hydropower technologies	— Hydro turbine systems	Hydro turbine runners Distributors with guide vanes
Other renewable energy technologies	Osmotic energy technologies		
	Ambient energy technologies, other than heat pumps		
	Biomass technologies	Pellet millsBriquetting presses	— Pellet dies— Briquetting compaction chambers
	Landfill gas technologies		
	Sewage treatment plant gas technologies		
	Other renewable energy technologies		
Energy system-related energy efficiency technologies	Energy system-related energy efficiency technologies	 Energy management systems (EMS) Building automation systems (BAS) Automated demand response (ADR) Variable speed drives Organic Rankine cycle (ORC) power systems 	 EMS BAS ADR Variable speed drives ORC turbines
	Heat and cold grid technologies	Heating and cooling distribution system pipework	
	Other energy system-related energy efficiency technologies		
Renewable fuels of non-biological origin	Renewable fuels of non- biological origin (RFNBO) technologies	— RFNBO plants	 Reactors to convert H₂ and CO₂ or N₂ into syngas or alcohols Reactors to convert syngas or alcohols into RFNBOs

	Sub-categories of net-zero technologies	Final products	Main specific components
Biotech climate and energy solutions	Biotech climate and energy solutions	 Microorganisms and microbial strains (including but not limited to bacteria, yeasts, microalgae, fungi and archaea) that are used to pretreat and convert feedstock into biofuels, recycled carbon fuels and renewable fuels, biobased and recycled carbon chemicals, biopolymers, biobased materials and bio-based products Enzymes (including but not limited to amylase and cellulase) that are used to pretreat and convert feedstock into biofuels, bio-based materials and biobased products, or that are used to catalyse reactions in chemical processes Biopolymers 	 Microorganisms and microbial strains (including but not limited to bacteria, yeasts, microalgae, fungi and archaea) that are used to pretreat and convert feedstock into biofuels, recycled carbon fuels and renewable fuels, bio-based and recycled carbon chemicals, biopolymers, bio-based materials and bio-based products Enzymes (including but not limited to amylase and cellulase) that are used to pretreat and convert feedstock into biofuels, bio-based chemicals, bio-based materials and bio-based products, or that are used to catalyse reactions in chemical processes Biopolymers
Transformative industrial technologies for decarbonisation	Transformative industrial technologies for decarbonisation	 Electric arc furnaces Hydrogen-ready direct-reduced iron reactors Submerged arc furnaces Open slag bath furnaces Flash calciners Industrial electric boilers Industrial induction heaters/furnaces (4) Industrial infrared heaters/furnaces Industrial microwave heaters/furnaces Industrial radio-wave heaters/furnaces Industrial resistive heaters/furnaces 	 Graphite or carbon electrodes for electric furnaces Flash calciners Industrial electric boilers Industrial induction heaters/furnaces Industrial infarred heaters/furnaces Industrial infrared emitters Industrial microwave heaters/furnaces Industrial magnetrons Industrial radio-wave heaters/furnaces Industrial radio-wave heaters/furnaces Radio frequency generators Industrial resistive heaters/furnaces Molybdenum electrodes for electric furnaces
CO ₂ transport and utilisation technologies	CO ₂ transport technologies	— CO ₂ transport infrastructure	— CO ₂ compressors

	Sub-categories of net-zero technologies	Final products	Main specific components
	CO ₂ utilisation technologies	Thermochemical utilisation Electrochemical utilisation	— CO ₂ electrolysers
Wind and electric propulsion technologies for transport	Wind propulsion technologies	 Flettner rotors Suction wing sails Towing kites Rigid and semi-rigid wing sails 	
	Electric propulsion technologies	 Electric propulsion systems for road and off-road transport Electric propulsion systems for rail transport Electric propulsion systems for waterborne transport Electric propulsion systems for waterborne transport Electric propulsion systems for air transport 	 Transport propulsion electric motors Permanent magnets of transport electric motors Transport battery packs Transport fuel cells Transport inverters Electric propulsion high voltage power distribution units Onboard chargers Onboard hydrogen storage tanks
Other nuclear technologies	Other nuclear technologies (such as nuclear fusion technologies)		

⁽¹⁾ The term 'equivalent' refers to similar steps or key enabling technologies needed for thin-film, organic, tandem or other PV technologies.

⁽²⁾ Batteries as defined in Article 3(13), (14) and (15) of Regulation (EU) 2023/1542 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 July 2023 concerning batteries and waste batteries.

⁽³⁾ The term 'electric road systems' (also known as dynamic charging) refers to equipment along the road that supplies power to vehicles while they are in motion. This final product includes both conductive and inductive charging.

⁽⁴⁾ The term 'heater' refers to low (up to 200 °C) and medium (200 to 500 °C) temperature applications. The term 'furnace' refers to high (500 to 1 000 °C) and very high (above 1 000 °C) temperature applications.